

The *B* Time-to-compromise

by Andrej Zieger
HAW Hamburg / DFN CERT

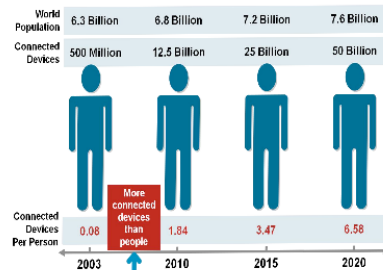
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Security by Design...

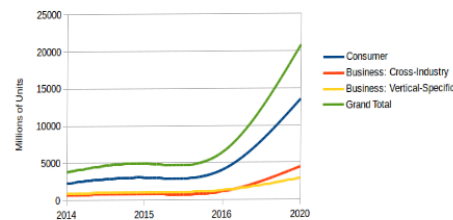
Guides Bestpractices And More

Smart Mass



It's more of them
than of us

Internet of Things Units Installed Base by Category
Source: Gartner <http://www.gartner.com/newsroom/id/3165317>



And it is still growing!



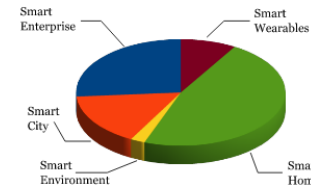
BUILDITSECURE.LY
a community [...] to make the Internet of Things
safer for consumers and businesses

A lot effort to get IoT secure!



Security and Resilience of Smart Home Environments
Good practices and recommendations

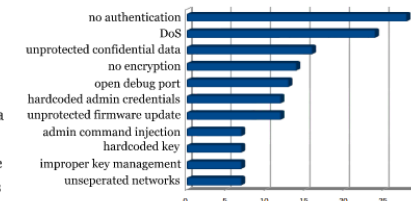
Vulnerabilities Everywhere!



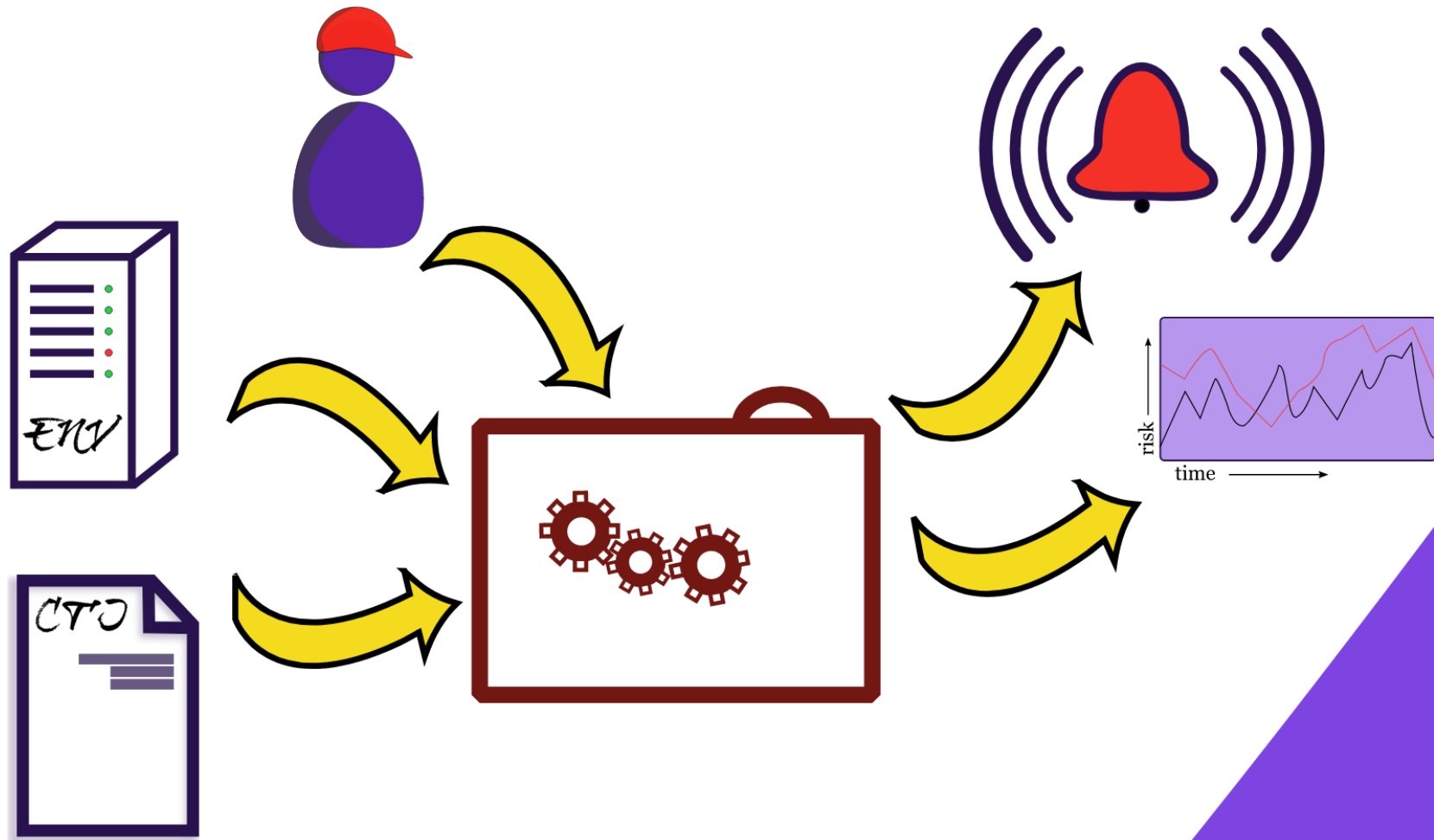
Research public available data
5 Categories
221 Devices considered
119 Vulnerabilities known

Top Vulnerabilities

Count	Type
28	no authentication
24	DoS
16	unprotected confidential data
13	no encryption
12	unprotected firmware update
12	hardcoded admin credentials



How we wanna help



Basic Metric

Time-to-compromise by McQueen



3 stochastic processes

1) exploit ready to go



2) try known vulnerabilities



3) search / await zero day



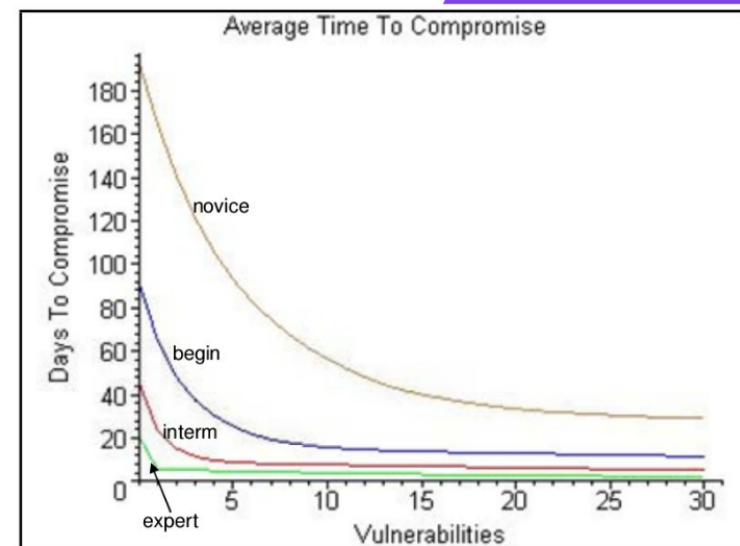
Vuln. count

Skill level

Skill level

$TTC(v, s, k) =$

$$t_1 \cdot P_1 + t_2 \cdot (1 - P_1) \cdot (1 - u) + t_3 \cdot u \cdot (1 - P_1)$$



Basic Metric

Time-to-compromise by McQueen



Vuln. count

Skill level

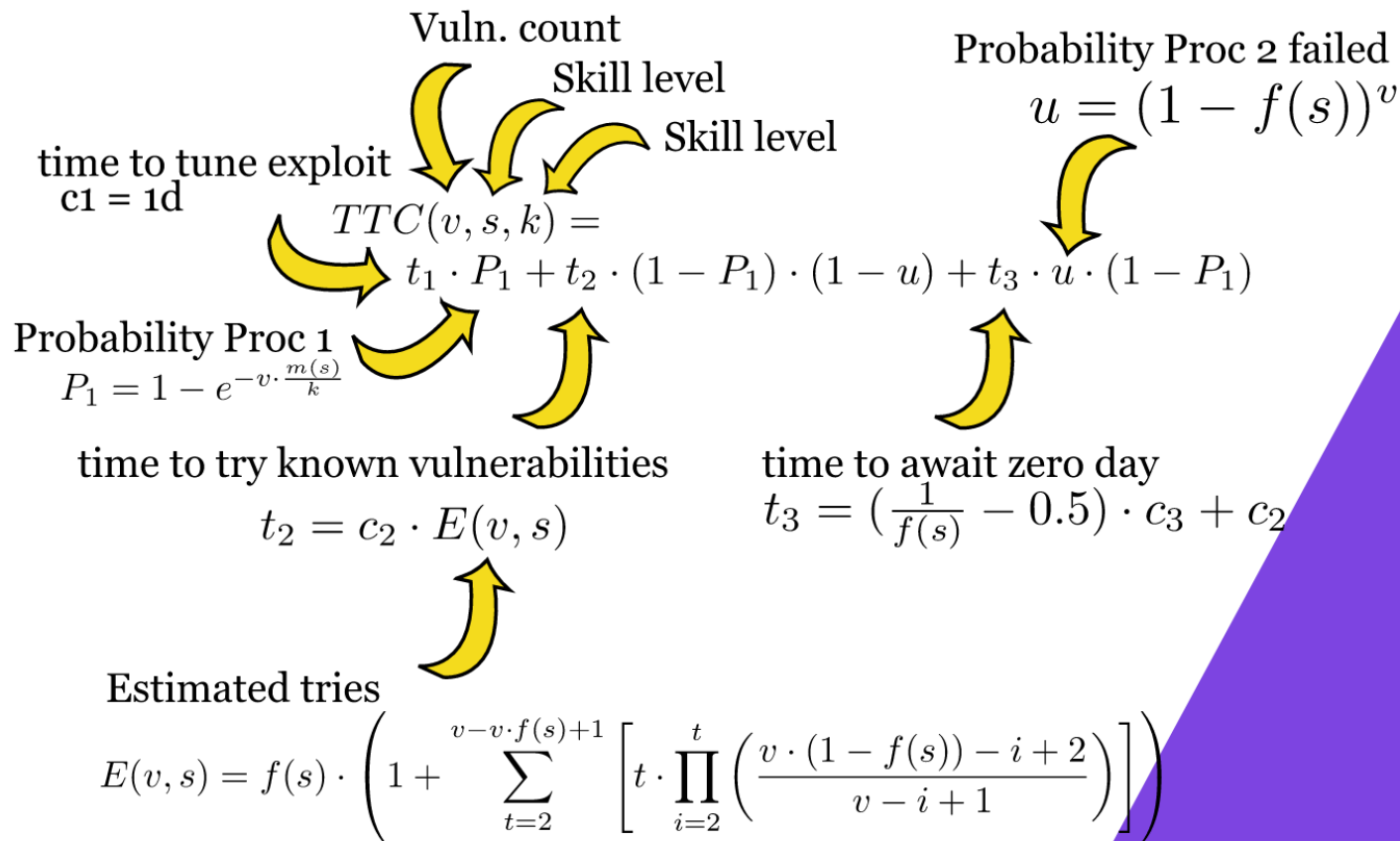
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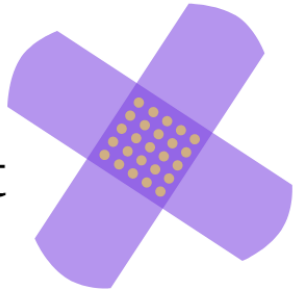
Basic Metric

Time-to-compromise by McQueen

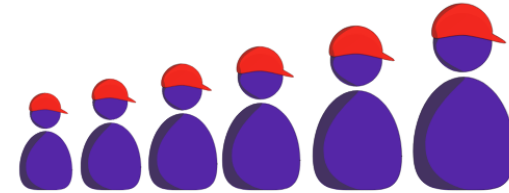


What we will improve

Fix it

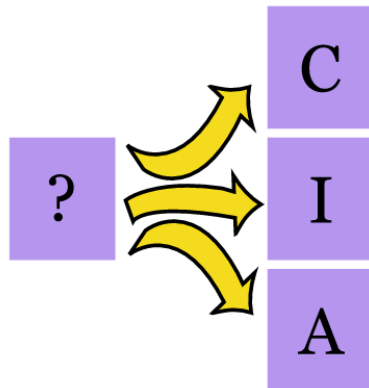


Continuous skill

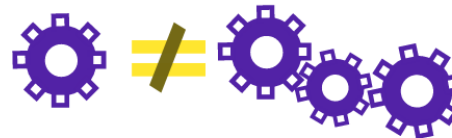


Skill distribution

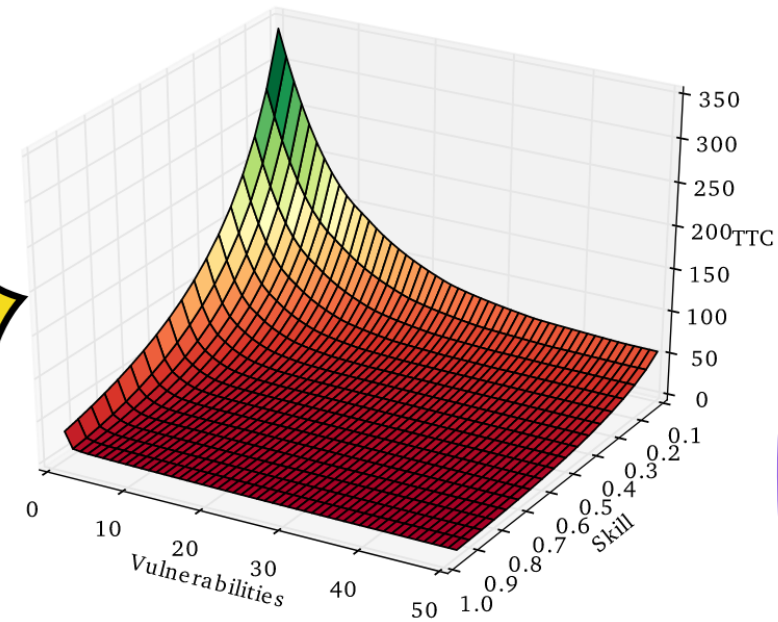
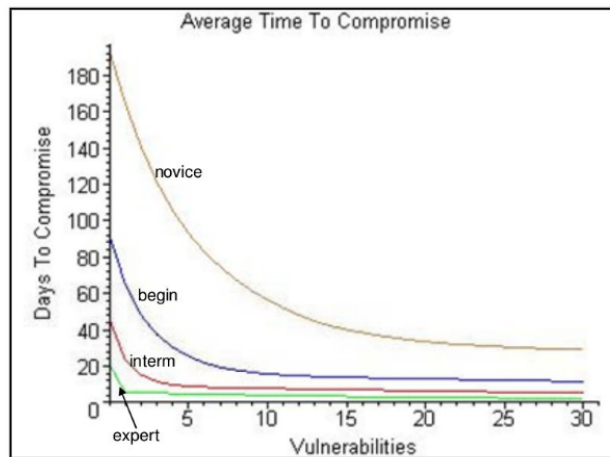
Compromise type



Exploit complexity



Continuous Skill



$\mathcal{S} = \{\text{novice, beginner, intermediate, expert}\}$

$TTC : \mathbb{N} \times \mathcal{S} \times \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

$m(s)$ = lookup table

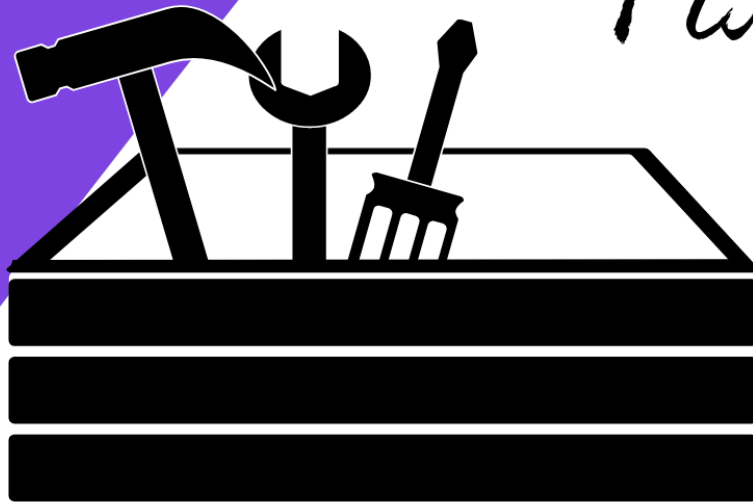
$f(s)$ = lookup table



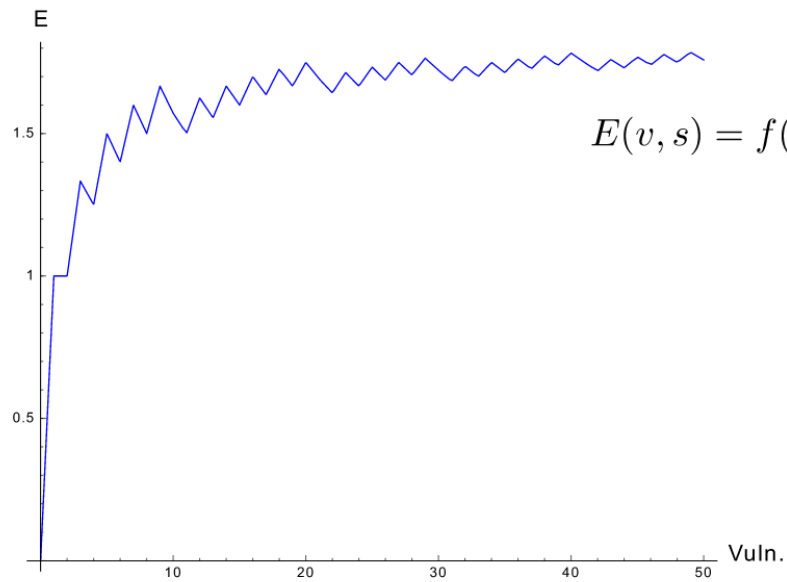
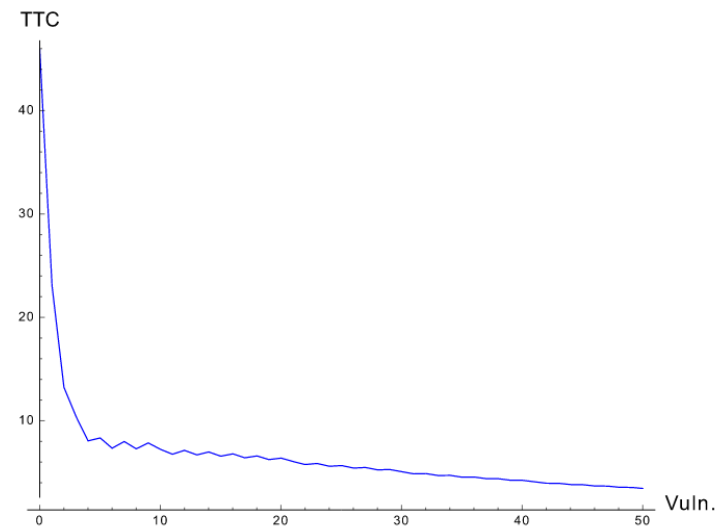
$TTC : \mathbb{N} \times [0, 1] \times \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

$f(s) = 0.145 \cdot 2.6^{2s+0.07} - 0.1$

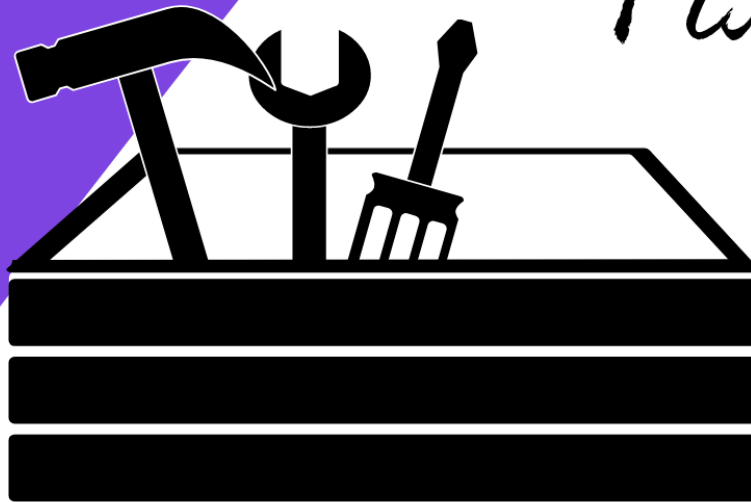
$m(s) = 83 \cdot 3.5^{4s/2.7} - 82$



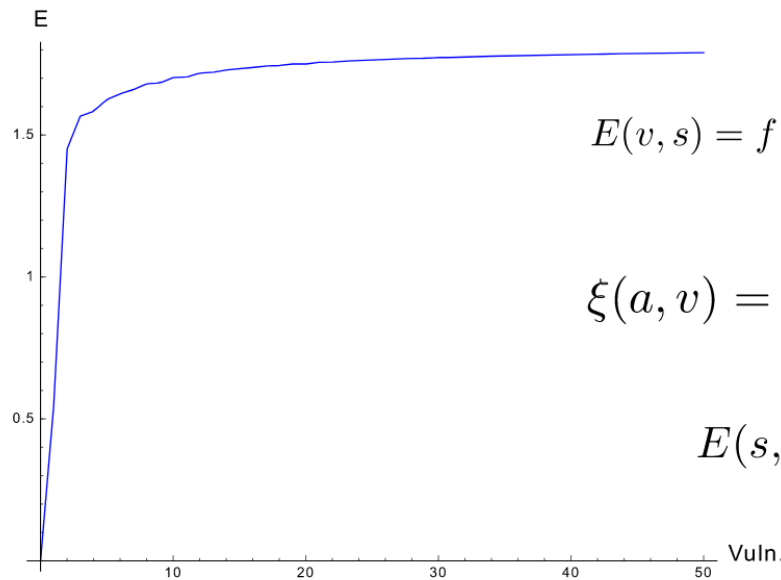
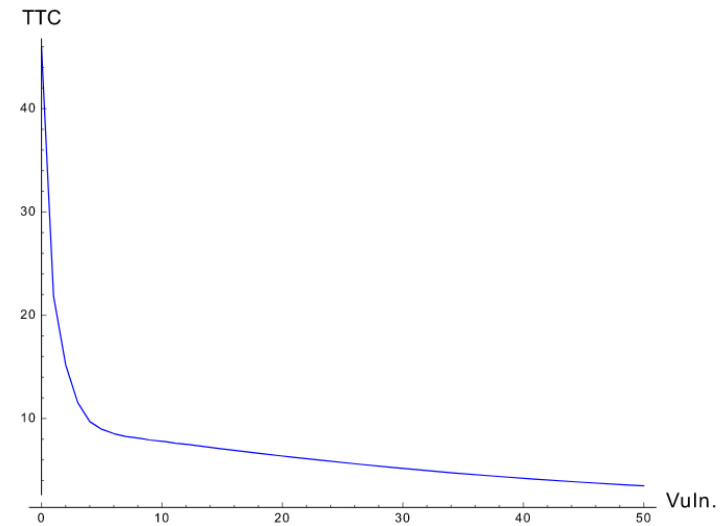
Fix it



$$E(v, s) = f(s) \cdot \left(1 + \sum_{t=2}^{v-v \cdot f(s)+1} \left[t \cdot \prod_{i=2}^t \left(\frac{v \cdot (1 - f(s)) - i + 2}{v - i + 1} \right) \right] \right)$$



Fix it



$$E(v, s) = f(s) \cdot \left(1 + \sum_{t=2}^{v-v \cdot f(s)+1} \left[t \cdot \prod_{i=2}^t \left(\frac{v \cdot (1 - f(s)) - i + 2}{v - i + 1} \right) \right] \right)$$

$$\xi(a, v) = \frac{a}{v} \cdot \left(1 + \sum_{t=2}^{\lfloor v \cdot (1 - \frac{a}{v}) \rfloor + 1} \left[t \cdot \prod_{i=2}^t \left(\frac{v \cdot (1 - \frac{a}{v}) - i + 2}{v - i + 1} \right) \right] \right)$$

$$E(s, v) = \xi(\lfloor f(s) \cdot v \rfloor, v) \cdot (\lceil f(s) \cdot v \rceil - f(s) \cdot v) + \xi(\lceil f(s) \cdot v \rceil, v) \cdot (1 - \lceil f(s) \cdot v \rceil + f(s) \cdot v)$$

Performance



$$\xi(a, v) = \frac{a}{v} \cdot \left(1 + \sum_{t=2}^{\lfloor v \cdot (1 - \frac{a}{v}) \rfloor + 1} \left[t \cdot \prod_{i=2}^t \left(\frac{v \cdot (1 - \frac{a}{v}) - i + 2}{v - i + 1} \right) \right] \right)$$



$$\xi(a, v) = \frac{a}{v} + \frac{a \cdot (v - a)!}{v!} \cdot \sum_{t=2}^{\lfloor v \cdot (1 - \frac{a}{v}) \rfloor + 1} \left[t \cdot \frac{(v - t + 1)!}{(v - a - t + 1)! \cdot (v - t + 1)} \right]$$



Performance Evaluation

TTC₀: naive

TTC₁: + continuous & fix

TTC₂: + using faculty

TTC₃: + independent (math complete)

TTC₄: + precalculate faculty $i < 100$

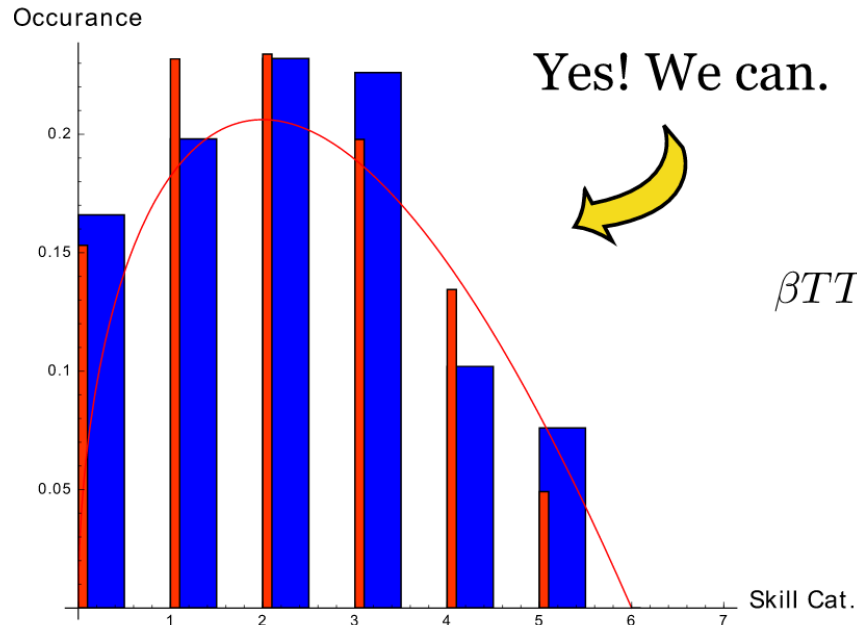
Algorithm	Min	Max	Avg	TTC/sec	Performance
TTC ₀	13.23s	13.74s	13.37s	150	×1.0
TTC ₁	8.41s	8.46s	8.44s	237	×1.6
TTC ₂	1.65s	1.67s	1.66s	1206	×8.1
TTC ₃	1.06s	1.12s	1.09s	1841	×12.3
TTC ₄	0.77s	0.80s	0.78s	2552	×17.1

Skill Distribution

Simple idea: skill is a random variable

$$\int_0^1 TTC(v, s, k) \cdot d(s) ds$$

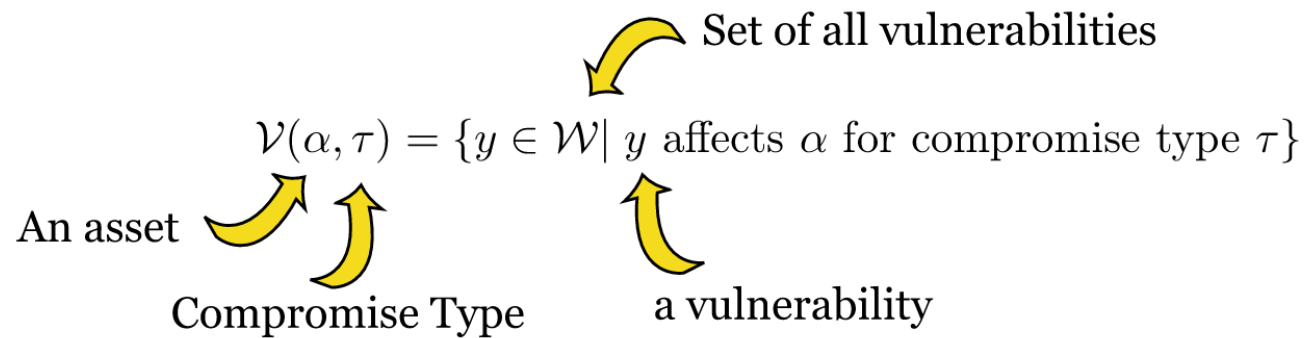
Challenge: can we find one in the wild



$$d = \text{Beta}_{\alpha, \beta}, \alpha = 1.5 \text{ and } \beta = 2$$

$$\beta \text{TTC}_{\alpha, \beta}(v, k) = \int_0^1 TTC(v, s, k) \cdot \text{Beta}_{\alpha, \beta}(s) ds$$

Compromise Type



Types:

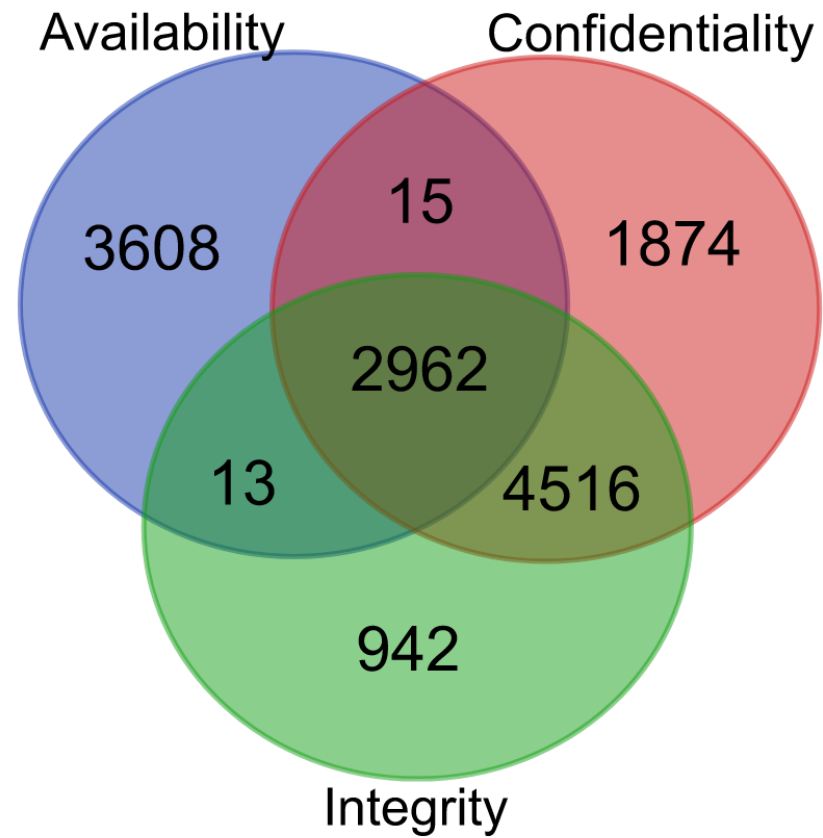
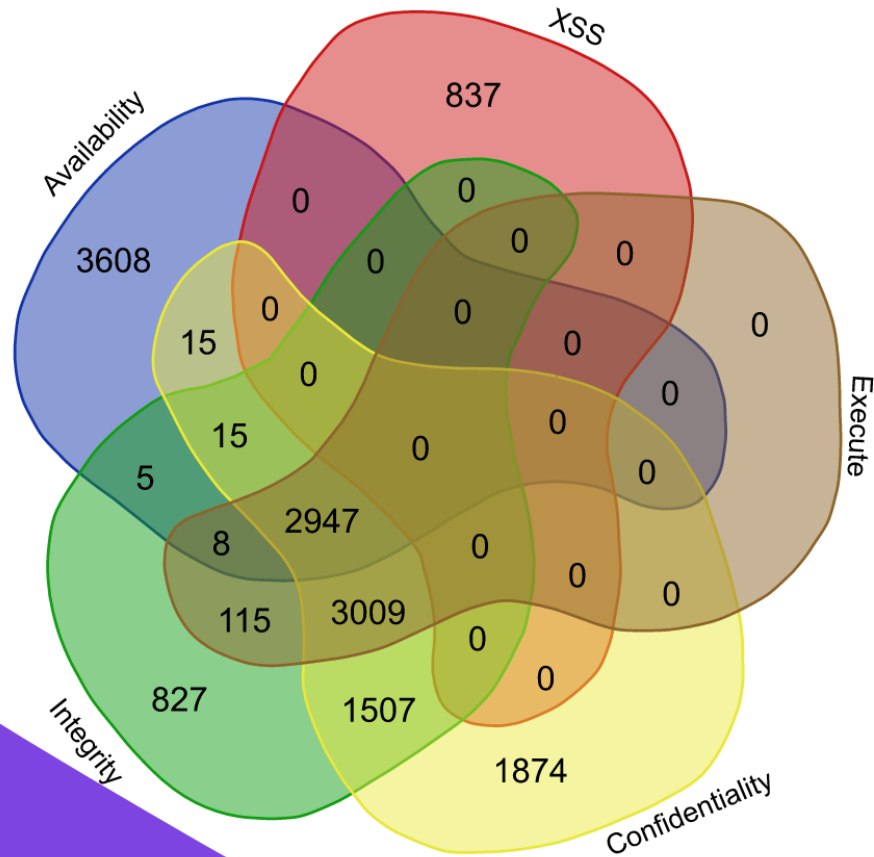
- time-to-compromise-execution (TTCE)
- time-to-compromise-confidentiality (TTCC)
- time-to-compromise-integrity (TTCi)
- time-to-compromise-availability (TTCa)

Example TTCa:

$\mathcal{V} = \{y \in \mathcal{W} \mid y \text{ affects } a \text{ and (DAF-effect is DoS}$
 or CVSS-availability-impact is not none
 or CVSS-integrity-impact is complete)
 and DAF-effect is not XSS}\}

Compromise Type

Evaluation



Exploit Complexity

$$exc(y) = 1 - \left(\underset{\text{Access complexity}}{Ac(y)} \cdot \underset{\text{Authentication}}{Au(y)} \cdot \underset{\text{Exploitability}}{\frac{Ex(y) - a_1}{a_2} - a_3} \right) \cdot \underset{\text{Constants for scaling}}{a_4}$$

Influences:

Probability of having exploit ready

$$P_1 = 1 - e^{-\left(\sum_{y \in \mathcal{V}} 1 - \epsilon \cdot exc(y)\right) \cdot \frac{m(s)}{|W|}}$$

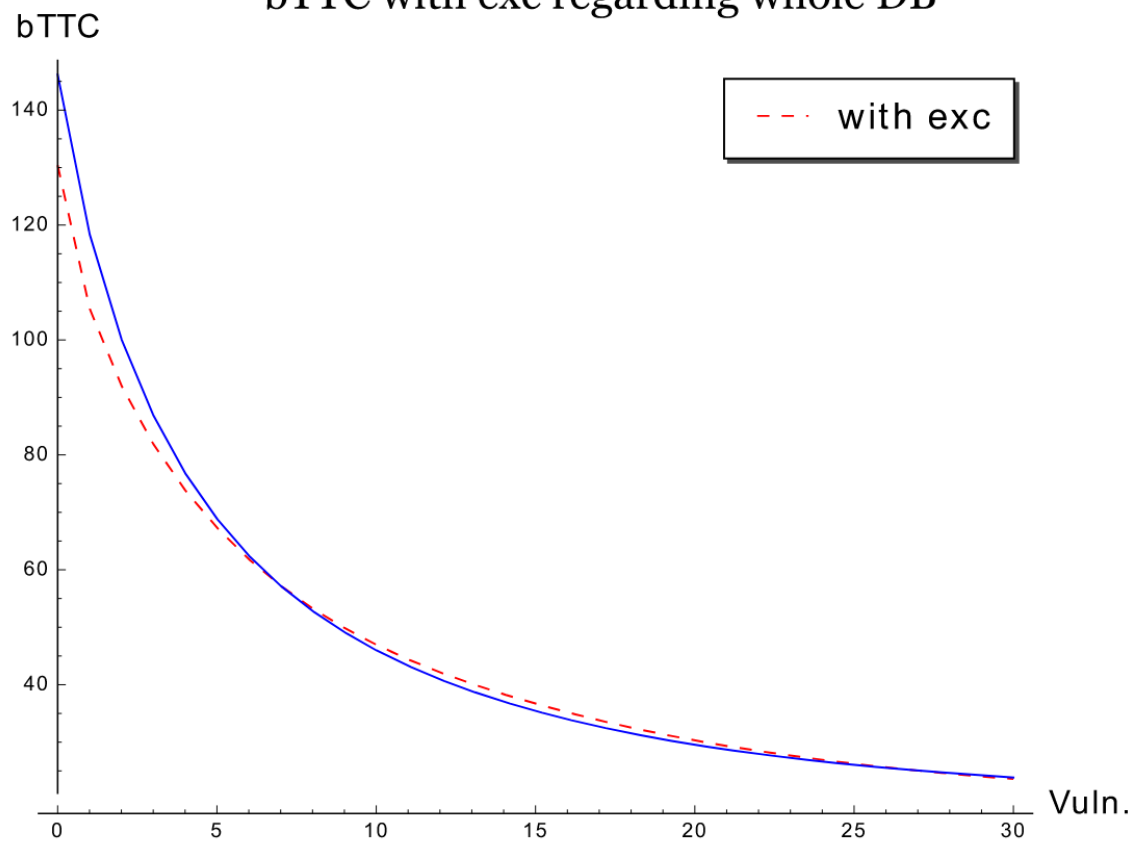
Fraction of usable vulnerabilities

$$f(s) = \left(\frac{|\{y \in W \mid s > exc(y)\}|}{|W|} + a_5 \right) / a_6$$

Exploit Complexity

Evaluation

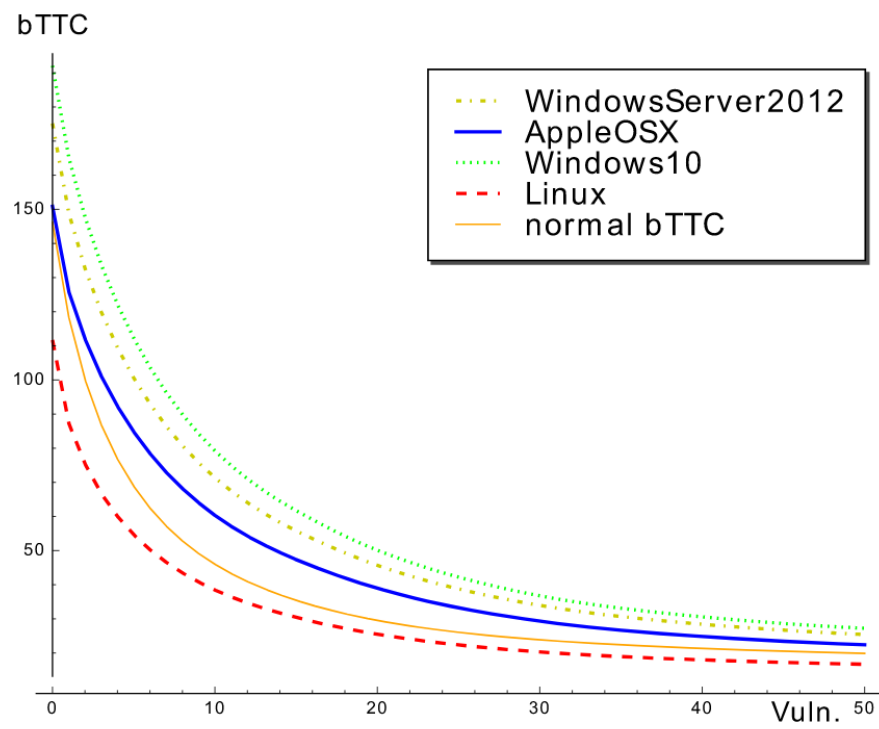
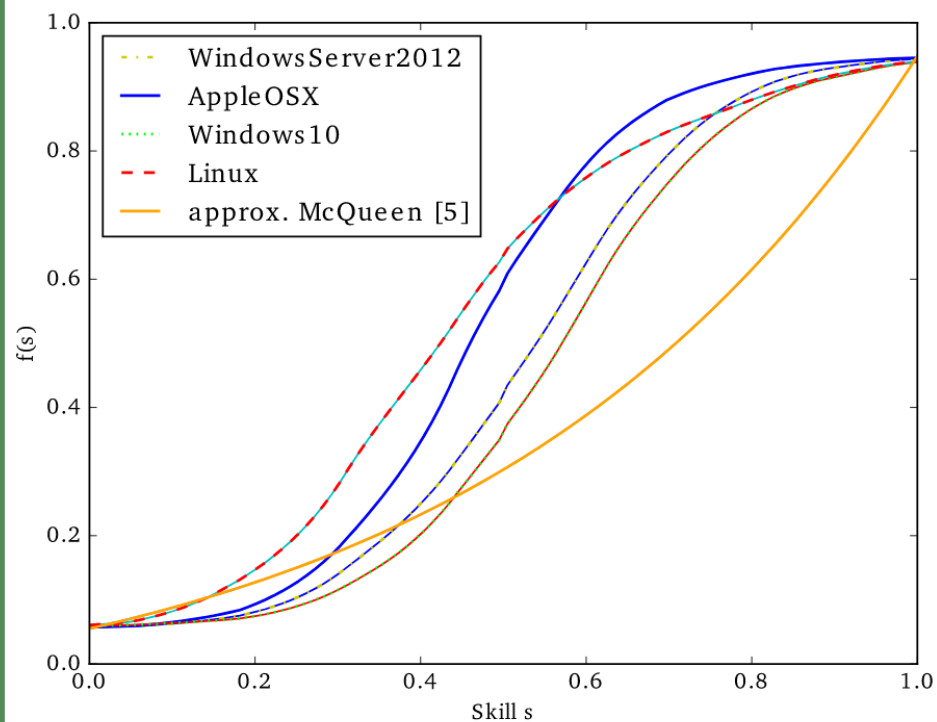
bTTC with exc regarding whole DB



Exploit Complexity

Evaluation

Exploit complexity differs per product



Further Work

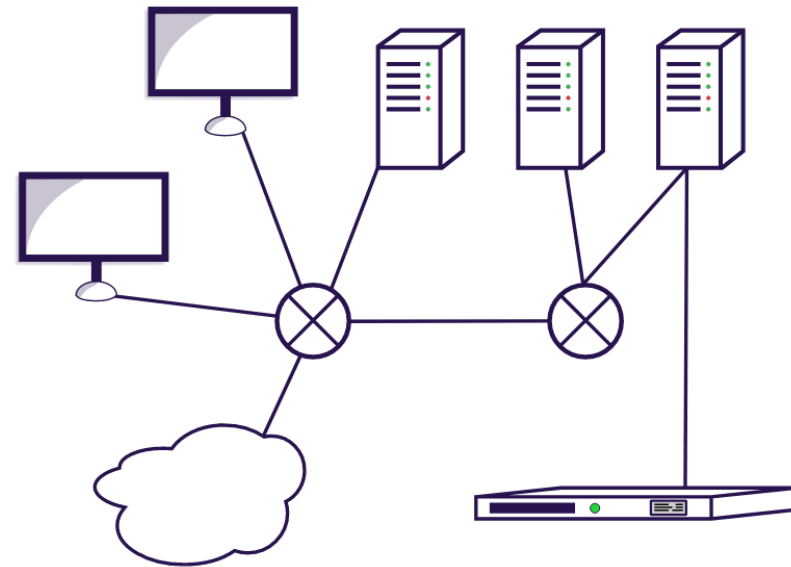
Further CTO



Asset Values



Networks & complex systems



Thanks / Credit

Co-Authors

Felix Freiling - FAU Erlangen-Nürnberg
Klaus-Peter Kossakowski - HAW Hamburg

Resources

Clock - designed by  freepik.com
Smart Mass statistics - Gartner

Critics & Corrections

Lutz Euler
Jan Kohlrausch

Sagar Gurditta
Moritz Duge
Alex Mantel